

1. Who wrote *De Vita Caesarum*?
a. Suetonius b. Pliny c. Trajan d. Livy
2. Who wrote the *De Architectura*?
a. Lucretius b. Vitruvius c. Varro d. Cato the Elder
3. Who wrote the *Ars Poetica*?
a. Horace b. Ovid c. Catullus d. Virgil
4. Who is the main character of Apuleius's novel *The Golden Ass*?
a. Asinus b. Gaius c. Midas d. Lucius
5. Who wrote the *Epistulae*?
a. Livy b. Lucan c. Cicero d. Pliny the Younger
6. Who wrote the *Commentarii de Bello Gallico*?
a. Cicero b. Suetonius c. Julius Caesar d. Plutarch
7. This author was *not* exiled.
a. Juvenal b. Terence c. Seneca d. Cicero
8. This Thracian slave was the first to Latinize entire books of fables from Greek.
a. Phaedrus b. Aesop c. Catullus d. Ovid
9. In which work does Cicero use the theme "*De contemptu mundi*" (on the contempt of the world)?
a. *De Natura Deorum* b. *De finibus bonorum et malorum* c. Cato Maior de Senectute d. *Tusculanae Disputationes*
10. Into how many books is Aulus Gellius's *Noctes Atticae* divided? a. 20 b. 17 c. 21 d. 15
11. Which of Cicero's speeches was given first?
a. *In Verrem* b. *Pro Roscio Amerino* c. *Pro Caelio* d. *Pro Cluentio*
12. Which author wrote about the "*aurea mediocritas*" in his poetry?
a. Catullus b. Virgil c. Horace d. Ovid
13. Which author wrote: "atque in perpetuum, frater, avē atque valē."?
a. Horace b. Catullus c. Ovid d. Virgil
14. Who wrote in his *De Deo Socratis*: "*parit enim conversatio contemptum, raritas conciliat admirationem*"?
a. Apuleius b. Ennius c. Virgil d. Augustine
15. Which man was *not* a patron for many Roman authors?
a. Maecenas b. Augustus Caesar c. Murena d. Messalla Corvinus
16. An advisor to Emperor Nero, this writer was forced to commit suicide due to accusations of taking part in a conspiracy against Nero. a. Martial b. Pliny c. Lucan d. Seneca
17. Which author wrote *De Agri Cultura*?
a. Pliny the Elder b. Pliny the Younger c. Cato the Elder d. Cato the Younger
18. Which author wrote a history of Rome in 142 books?
a. Livy b. Tacitus c. Valerius Maximus d. Suetonius
19. Which is the lost work of Cato the Elder about the historical and legendary history of towns?
a. *Naturalis Historia* b. *Origines* c. *Ab Urbe Condita* d. *Historiae*
20. The *Aeneid* could be considered propaganda for which Roman Emperor?
a. Augustus Caesar b. Julius Caesar c. Nero d. Constantine
21. Of how many books does Virgil's *Georgics* consist?
a. four b. ten c. twelve d. twenty-four
22. Seneca believed in the following in regard to display of emotion?
a. epicureanism b. atomism c. idealism d. stoicism
23. Which Roman emperor wrote *Meditations*?
a. Marcus Aurelius b. Domitian c. Claudius d. Augustus
24. Which emperor wrote works of history on the Etruscans and the Carthaginians, but none is extant?
a. Tiberius b. Claudius c. Vespasian d. Trajan
25. This individual was an eye-witness to and wrote a scientific account about the eruption of Vesuvius.
a. Pliny b. Cicero c. Sallust d. Vitruvius

26. On what topic does Apicius write?
 a. geography b. cooking c. rhetoric d. mathematics
27. Euclio is the main character in which Plautus play?
 a. Curculio b. Aulularia c. Pseudolus d. Captivi
28. Who wrote *Civitas Dei*?
 a. Marcus Aurelius b. Jerome c. Augustine d. Annianus Marcellinus
29. Which author born in Sulmo, died in exile in Tomis?
 a. Ovid b. Tacitus c. Aulus Gellius d. Publilius Syrus
30. Who born in Lydia, wrote a *Description of Greece*, in 10 books?
 a. Lucan b. Strabo c. Pausanias d. Apollodorus of Rhodes
31. In what city was Seneca the Younger born?
 a. Cordoba b. Patavium c. Paestum d. Lugdunum
32. Which Terence play includes the characters: Antipho, Demipho, and Phaedra?
 a. Phormio b. Andria c. Adelphoe d. Hecyra
33. Who is the author of the epic *Thebaid*?
 a. Statius b. Lucan c. Silius Italicus d. Ennius
34. Which of the following is NOT a philosophical work of Cicero?
 a. De Natura Deorum b. De Divinatione c. Consolatio d. Brutus
35. The *Panegyricus* of Pliny the Younger is written in praise of which emperor?
 a. Trajan b. Nerva c. Hadrian d. Vespasian
36. Who is the author of *De Aquaeductu*?
 a. Vitruvius b. Frontinus c. Fronto d. Quintilian
37. Who wrote elegies to Corinna?
 a. Ovid b. Tibullus c. Sulpicia d. Propertius
38. In what meter is Catullus 63 written?
 a. Dactylic Hex b. Choliambic c. Hendesyllabic d. Galliambic
39. With whom did Cicero study rhetoric in Rhodes?
 A. Hortensius B. Cratippus C. Burrus D. Molon
40. Which author wrote this line? *Non aetate, verum ingenio apiscitur sapientia.*
 A. Vergil B. Plautus C. Cicero D. Statius
41. In which poem does Horace say that he has erected a monument more lasting than bronze?
 A. Satires I.VI B. Odes III.XXX C. Satires I.IV D. Odes II.XX
42. What scholar, born in Spain, was freed by the emperor Augustus and wrote a *fabulae*?
 A. C. Julius Hyginus B. Phaedrus C. Silius D. Gaius Melissus
43. Who invented the new genre of *fabulae trabeatae*?
 A. Gaius Julius Hyginus B. Phaedrus C. Silius D. Gaius Melissus
44. Which of the following did NOT write on oratory?
 A. Quintilian B. Tacitus C. Seneca the Elder D. Seneca the Younger
45. Which of the following did not have dinner with Julius Caesar after he crossed the Rubicon?
 A. Hirtius B. Sallust C. Sulpicius Rufus D. Cinna
46. Which of the following books of Livy is NOT extant?
 A. VI B. VII C. XX D. XXI
47. In what meter was the *Per vigiliam Veneris* written?
 A. Trochaic tetrameter B. Second Asclepeadian C. Sapphic D. First Asclepeadian
48. To whom is the sixth Eclogue dedicated?
 A. Varus B. Pollio C. Maecenas D. Cinna
49. Which author was called the Christian Cicero?
 A. Tertullian B. Lactantius C. Minucius Felix D. Boethius
50. Who wrote a treatise entitled *De medicina* in the first century AD?
 A. Galen B. Celsus C. Apollonius D. Soranus